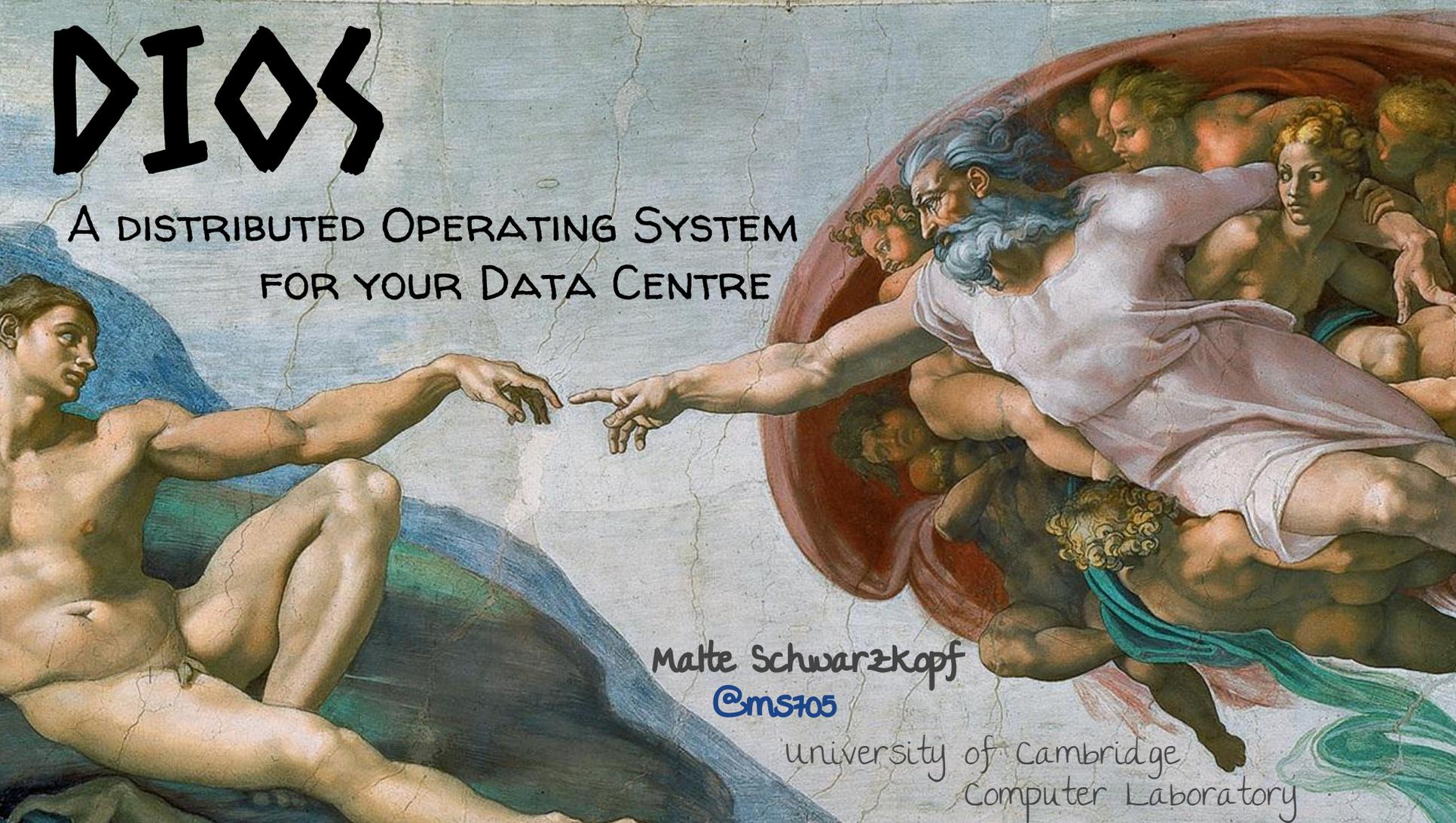


DIOS

A DISTRIBUTED OPERATING SYSTEM
FOR YOUR DATA CENTRE



Matte Schwarzkopf
@ms705

university of Cambridge
Computer Laboratory

Abstraction turtles all the way down...



JSON, Protobuf object

Cached in-memory object

GFS, HDFS "file"

OS memory mapping

Kernel VFS file

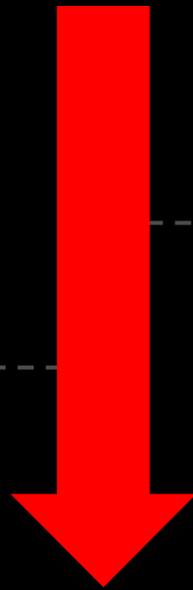
Cluster-level tasks

User-level threads

OS kernel processes

VMs, Containers

Hardware threads



Good for...

abstraction

portability

BAD for...

scalability

data-flow tracking

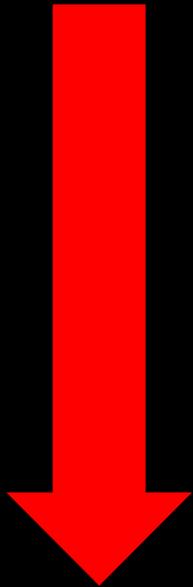
co-scheduling

security

locality

optimisations

The plan:
vertically integrate abstractions

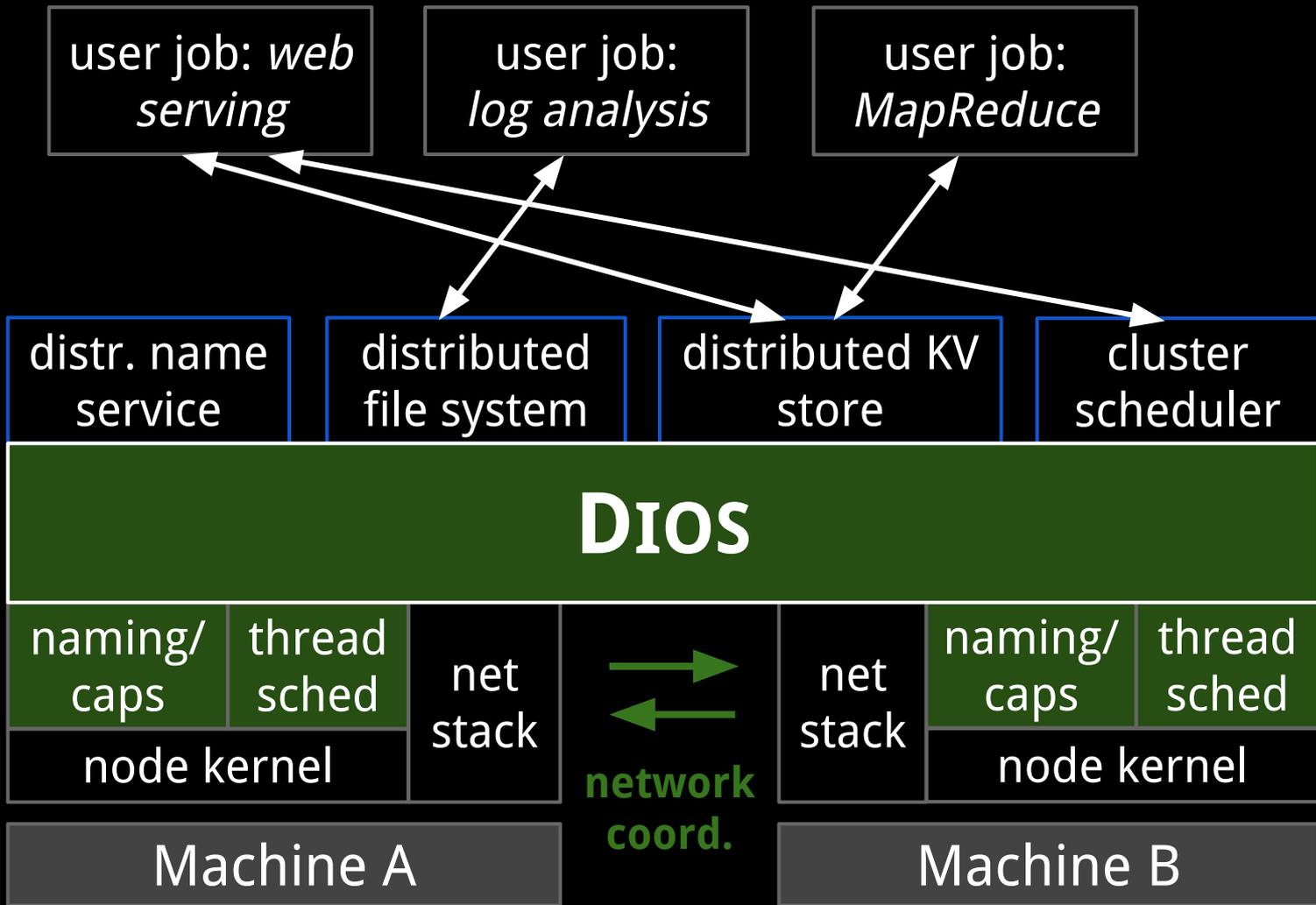


Distributed **application**

Distributed **infrastructure**

Distributed **operating system**

All use: **one** distributed object abstraction

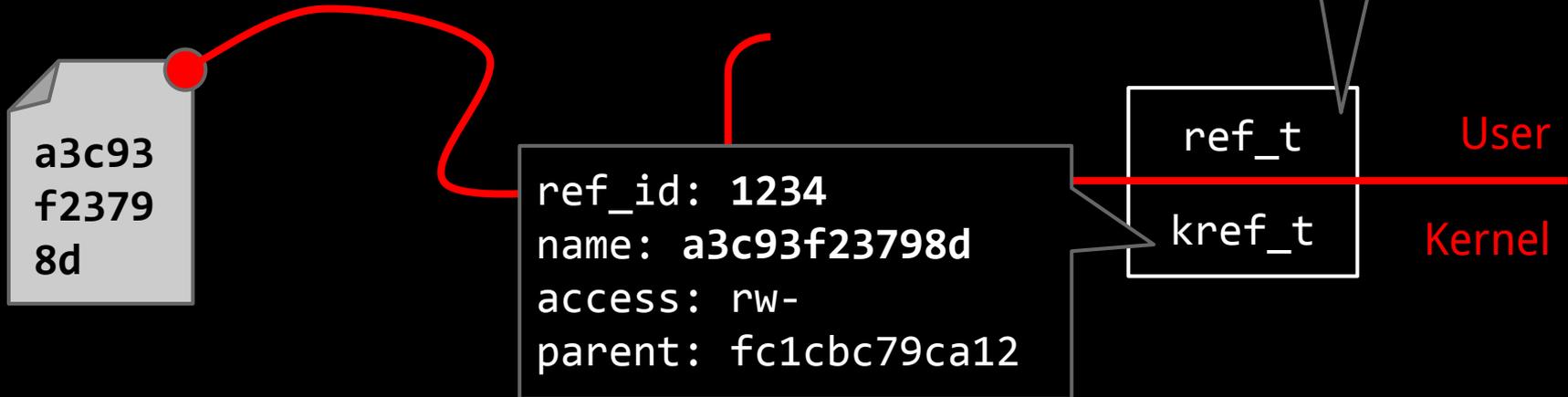


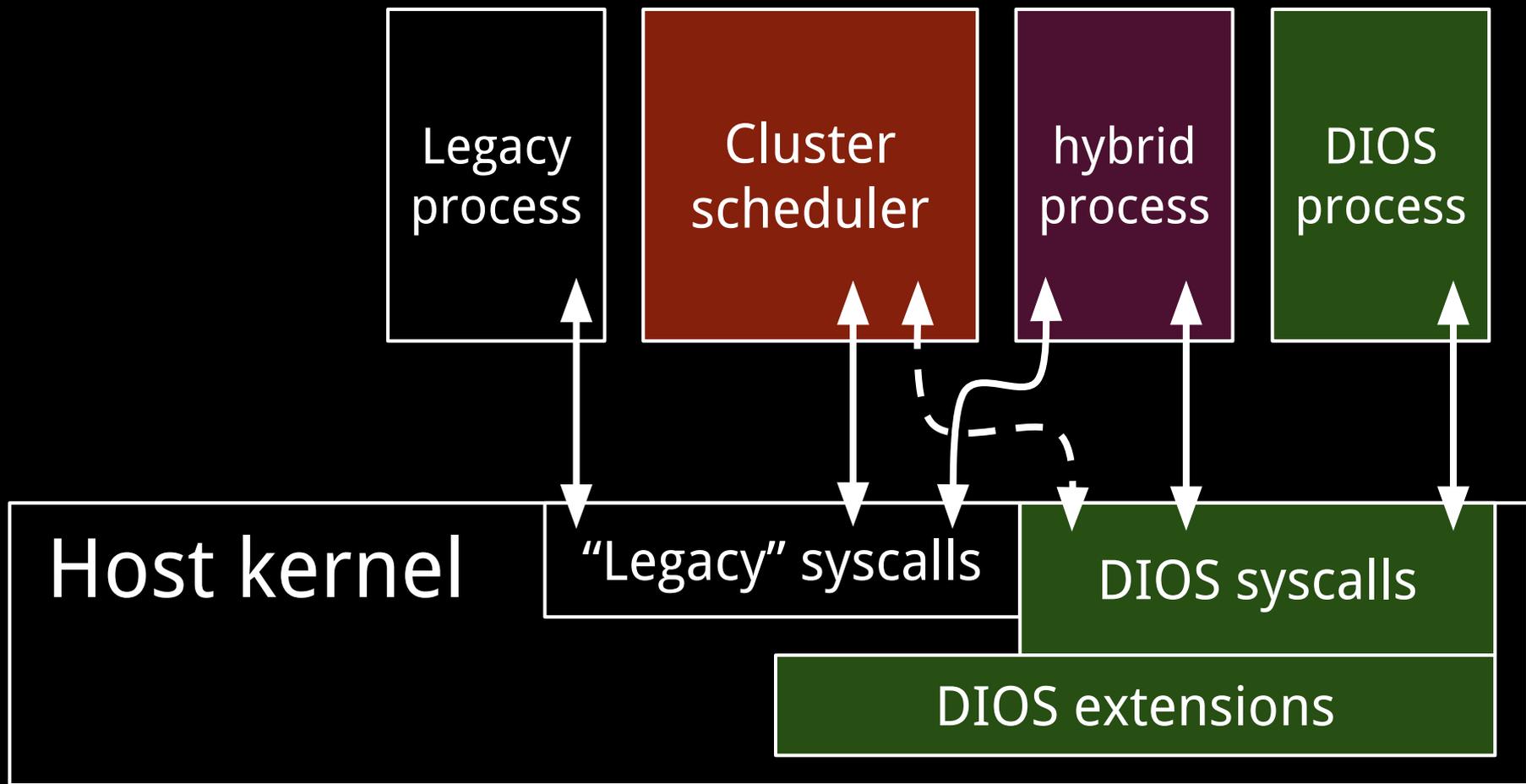
Narrow syscall API: **11 system calls**

Global naming: **UUIDs for objects**

“Translucency”: **contextual references**

```
ref_id: 1234
persistent: false
proximity: local
fate_shared: true
buf_size: 4k
```





Legacy process

Cluster scheduler

hybrid process

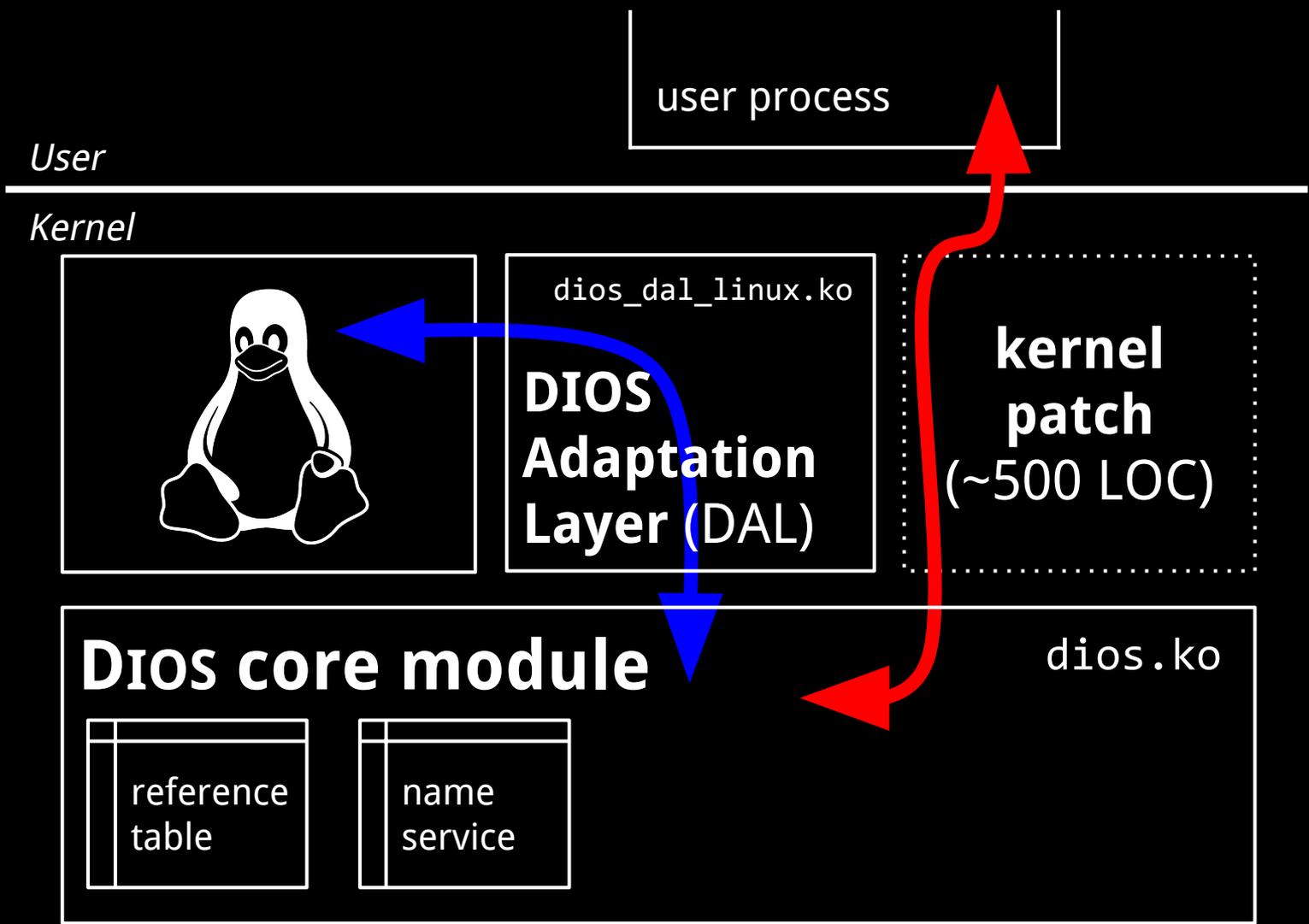
DIOS process

Host kernel

"Legacy" syscalls

DIOS syscalls

DIOS extensions



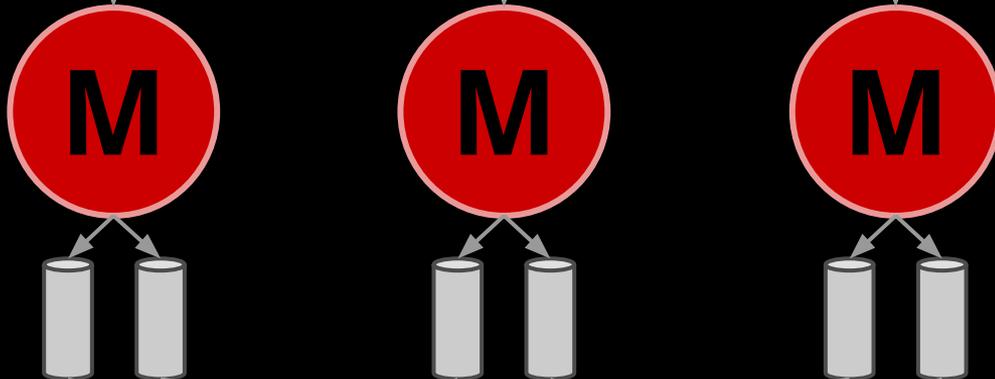
Demo time!

(this is where the kernel crashes...)

input



map



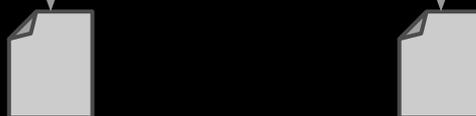
```
<"cat", 1>  
<"dog", 1>  
<"cat", 1>  
<"fish", 1>
```

reduce



```
<"cat", 2>  
<"dog", 1>  
<"fish", 1>
```

word count lists



Status: alpha (at best!)

Work in progress:

- ❖ High-level language support (working on Rust runtime)
- ❖ libd C standard library
- ❖ MapReduce, web server, key-value store ...



UNIVERSITY OF
CAMBRIDGE

Malte Schwarzkopf

@ms705

in collaboration with

Matthew Grosvenor

Ionel Gog

Andrew Scull

Matthew Huxtable

Gustaf Helgesson

Steven Hand

DIOS is a Cambridge Systems at Scale project:

<http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/netos/camsas/>

Gratuitous Docker slide :)

❖ DIOS is **Docker-compliant!**

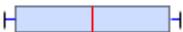
- isolate containers by restricting name resolution
- but DIOS objects can also be shared by containers
- Firmament scheduler can manage containers

❖ Benefits of DIOS + Docker

- data-flow tracking + IFC **across** containers
- can allow legacy syscalls within containers, but only DIOS syscalls on the host (“hypervisor mode”)

Pi approximation (CPU-bound)

Task monitoring

Runtime		avg: 24.625, median: 24.919541059
Cycles		avg: 37217188861.375, median: 37230621102.5
Instructions		avg: 29342102734.375, median: 29344778862.5
CPI		avg: 1, median: 1.2611042603688125
IPMA		avg: 12644.75, median: 11283.933148580069
MAI		avg: 0, median: 0.00008889199422983058
LLC references		avg: 2529068.75, median: 2603648
LLC misses		avg: 449885.25, median: 328958
Resident memory		
		

~12,000 instr. per mem access

12.6% miss

Matrix multiplication (memory-bound)

Runtime		avg: 49, median: 51.183301781
Cycles		avg: 75782377014.66667, median: 78831268676
Instructions		avg: 45425293418.333336, median: 46707146071
CPI		avg: 1, median: 1.657628952446289
IPMA		avg: 40.666666666666664, median: 42.444937501712985
MAI		avg: 0, median: 0.02355993573932444
LLC references		avg: 1101362004.3333333, median: 1100417360
LLC misses		avg: 717803086, median: 721672858
Resident memory		
		

~40 instr. per mem access

65.6% miss

Concept slides

Bullet points follow!

Why?

- Vertical integration of abstractions
 - enables optimisations, e.g. co-scheduling, locality
- Security, auditing, IFC
 - restrict and monitor data-flow
 - no way to bypass
- Because we can :)

How?

- **Narrow syscall API: 11 syscalls**
 - co-exist with POSIX, or replace
- **Distributed object abstraction**
 - object \sim “blob of bytes, stream of bytes or task”
- **Security: distributed capabilities**
 - Names: resolvable identifiers
 - References: FD-like handles with context info

Status?

- Prototype: Linux kernel extension
 - Tiny kernel patch (~500 LoC)
 - Two kernel modules
 - Adaptation layer: GPL
 - DIOS core: BSD
- HLL: Rust runtime port in progress

Demo!

- Simple streaming MapReduce
 - WordCount